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# TREATMENT FOR CHRONIC BACK PAIN AND MULTIMORBIDITY AMONG BRAZILIAN ADULTS: WHERE ARE WE IN RELATION TO THE RECOMMENDED GUIDELINES?

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Background: Chronic back pain (CBP) is a worldwide public health problem. CBP generates negative impacts on the lives of individuals and costly expenses for the health system, including those directed at treatments for CBP. However, the impact of multimorbidity on the treatment of CBP is still unclear.

*Objectives*: To identify the types of treatments commonly reported by adults with CBP with and without multimorbidity.

Methods: Cross-sectional study with data from Brazilian adults (≥18 year) who self-reported CBP (n=18930) in the National Health Survey 2019. Treatments for CBP were identified through the dichotomous yes/no answer: physical therapy; exercises regularly; uses medication or injections; makes use of acupuncture, medicinal plants and phytotherapy, homeopathy, meditation, yoga, tai chi chuan or some other integrative and complementary practice; and regular followup with a health professional. Descriptive statistics were reported and associations between the two groups were confirmed using adjusted logistic regression models and confidence intervals (95% CI). Sociodemographic variables such as age, sex, schooling, income and health insurance were used as covariates in the analysis.

Results: Adults with CBP and multimorbidity (69.4%) had higher prevalence and association for physical therapy (14.2% vs.7.9%; adjusted OR (ORa)= 1.61, 95%CI: 1.33- 1.94), use of medication or injections (47.8% vs.36.5%; ORa= 1.38, 95%CI: 1.22-1.56), and follow-up with a health professional (29% vs. 17.5%; ORa= 1.51, 95%CI: 1.29-1.78) compared with adults without multimorbidity. There was no difference between groups for use of acupuncture, medicinal plants and phytotherapy, homeopathy, meditation, yoga, tai chi chuan or some other integrative and complementary practice and regular exercise due to CBP.

Conclusion: The study revealed that most adults with CBP do not undergo physical therapy or regular exercise, with the use of medication or injections being the most used intervention, especially among adults with multimorbidity. Health education strategies, encouraging the practice of regular exercise and greater access to physiotherapy are fundamental for changing this scenario.

*Implications*: The study reinforces the need for health education strategies, encouraging the practice of regular exercise and greater access to physical therapy.

Keywords: Back pain, Treatment, Brazil

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## EFFECTS OF A MAT PILATES PROTOCOL ON THE POSTURAL BALANCE OF ELDERLY PEOPLE: A RANDOMIZED CLINICAL TRIAL

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Background: The aging process is accompanied by a progressive loss of systems functioning that can lead to balance deficits. The Pilates method has been shown to be effective in improving balance in the elderly, as it promotes improved muscle strengthening in practitioners.

*Objectives*: To verify the effects of a 15-week Mat Pilates program on the postural balance of the elderly.

*Methods:* This is a randomized controlled clinical trial that evaluated the postural balance (Mini-BESTest) of 58 elderly people, randomized into two groups called Control Group/CG (n=29) and Pilates Group/GP (n=29), who performed an exercise program based on the Pilates method, consisting of thirty sessions.

Results: There was a significant improvement in the average MiniB-EST score in the Pilates Group (25.48  $\pm$  1.90) after the intervention. The t-statistical analysis indicated a significant difference between the Pilates and Control groups after the intervention (t = 4.58) but not before the intervention (t = -0.38), suggesting that Pilates had a positive effect on functionality and balance compared to the control group.

Conclusion: A program composed of thirty sessions of Mat Pilates, spread over 15 weeks, was enough to demonstrate a significant improvement in the balance of the elderly.

*Implications*: This method proved to be safe and effective, with satisfactory results and low financial cost, requiring only the use of a mat for body practice.

Keywords: Pilates, Postural Balance, Elderly

 $\textbf{Conflict of interest:} \ The \ authors \ declare \ no \ conflict \ of \ interest.$ 

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### PHYSIOTHERAPY CARE IN LABOR IN A USUAL RISK MATERNITY: A DESCRIPTIVE STUDY

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